# Malacoraja senta (Smooth Skate)

Report Date: January 13, 2016

## **Priority 2 Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN)**

Class: Chondrichthyes (Sharks, Rays, And Skates)

**Order:** Rajiformes (Rays) **Family:** Rajidae (Skates)

#### **General comments:**

Maine DMR jurisdiction; W Atlatntic specialist; documented range = NF-NJ

## No Species Conservation Range Maps Available for Smooth Skate

## **SGCN Priority Ranking - Designation Criteria:**

**Risk of Extirpation:** 

**IUCN Red List Status: Endangered** 

State Special Concern or NMFS Species of Concern: NA

**Recent Significant Declines: NA** 

**Regional Endemic: NA** 

High Regional Conservation Priority: NA High Climate Change Vulnerability: NA

Understudied rare taxa: NA

**Historical: NA** 

**Culturally Significant: NA** 

### **Habitats Assigned to Smooth Skate:**

#### Formation Name Subtidal

Macrogroup Name Subtidal Coarse Gravel Bottom

Habitat System Name: Coarse Gravel \*\*Primary Habitat\*\* Notes: adult non-spawning, juvenile

Habitat System Name: Erect Epifauna Notes: adult non-spawning, juvenile

Macrogroup Name Subtidal Mud Bottom

Habitat System Name: Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Notes: adult non-spawning, juvenile

Habitat System Name: Unvegetated \*\*Primary Habitat\*\* Notes: adult non-spawning, juvenile

Macrogroup Name Subtidal Pelagic (Water Column)

Habitat System Name: Offshore

Macrogroup Name Subtidal Sand Bottom

Habitat System Name: Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Notes: adult non-spawning, juvenile

Habitat System Name: Unvegetated Notes: adult non-spawning, juvenile

## **Stressors Assigned to Smooth Skate:**

Stressor Priority Level based on Severity and Actionability

	Moderate Severity	High Severity
Highly Actionable	Medium-High	High
Moderately Actionable	Medium	Medium-High
Actionable with Difficulty	Low	Low

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IUCN Level 1 Threat Biological Resource Use

**IUCN Level 2 Threat:** Fishing and Harvesting of Aquatic Resources

Severity: Severe Actionability: Moderately actionable

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**Notes:** The smooth skates (like other elasmobranchs) are highly vulnerable to exploitation because of their k-selective life histories (i.e. slow growth rates, late maturity, low fecundity). Although this species is not directly targeted, it is commonly captured as bycatch in the multispecies trawl and bottom gillnet fishery. Currently, the smooth skate is prohibited from capture (in US waters) due to low biomass levels and overfishing is believed to be occuring. To ensure the population does not decline again, is important to assess the short-term (immediate mortality) and long-term (post-lease mortality, physiolgoical alteration and recovery time) impacts these fishing methods have

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on these species

IUCN Level 1 Threat Pollution

IUCN Level 2 Threat: Industrial and Military Effluents

Severity: Moderate Severity Actionability: Moderately actionable

Actionability: Moderately actionable

**Notes:** Many elasmobranch species use inshore coastal and estuarine habitats as a safe place for finding food, giving birth and growing up away from predators and competitors. This means that they are vulnerable to negative changes in their habitat. For example, sharks, skates and rays are very susceptible to pollution and environmental contamination. Pollution in the ocean has either filtered from land activities or has been directly deposited into the seas. As apex predators with slow growth, they accumulate all the pollutants and toxins in the environment and bioaccumulating all the toxins of their prey. Chemical pollution, in the form of mercury, DDT, organochlorines, etc., has been documented in several shark populations in close proximity to areas of human populations. This could become a significant threat as we learn more about movement patterns and habitat

usages of skates

IUCN Level 1 Threat Climate Change and Severe Weather

IUCN Level 2 Threat: Habitat Shifting or Alteration

Severity: Severe Actionability: Actionable with difficulty

Notes: Climate driven increases in ocean temperature are occurring and will have long-term effects on global fisheries. Consequently, the first acclimatizing response to temperature variations in fishes is typically to shift spatial distribution in order to stay within there ideal thermal tolerance range. Particularly it's expected "cold-water" fish species ranges are anticipated to be reduced. Thus, more research is needed to better understanding the genetic and physiological sensitivity of skates to climate change. In addition, it will also be important to determine how temperature changes will alter distribution in common prey items. Ocean acidification could also have an impact on eggcase structure/integrity, which could significantly affect the success/recovery of these populations.

However, more research is needed

**IUCN Level 2 Threat:** Temperature Extremes

Severity: Moderate Severity Actionability: Actionable with difficulty

Notes: Shift in ocean temperatures will influence how a species moves and travels as well as their food sources; warmer

surface waters also affect the distribution of essential nutrients

IUCN Level 1 Threat Other Options

IUCN Level 2 Threat: Lack of knowledge

Severity: Severe Actionability: Actionable with difficulty

Notes: In general, there is a significant lack of updated/accurate life history information and movement data for this

species (throughout their range and for various life stages). In order to effectively manage this species in the

future, a thorough understanding of their basic biology and critical habitats are essential

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### **Species Level Conservation Actions Assigned to Smooth Skate:**

\*Only species specific conservation actions that address high (red) or medium-high (orange) priority stressors are summarized here.

Conservation Action Category: Research Biological Priority: critical Type: new

Develop an improved understanding of discard mortality rates

Stressor(s) Addressed By This Conservation Action

Fishing and Harvesting of Aquatic Resources

**Conservation Action** Category: Research Biological Priority: critical Type: new

Determine the location and timing of important habitat use at different life history stages

Stressor(s) Addressed By This Conservation Action

Fishing and Harvesting of Aquatic Resources

#### **Guild Level Conservation Actions:**

This Species is currently not attributed to a guild.

### **Broad Taxonomic Group Conservation Actions:**

Additional relevant conservation actions for this species are assigned within broader taxonomic groups in Maine's 2015 Wildlife Action Plan: Element 4, Table 4-1.

#### **Habitat Based Conservation Actions:**

Additional conservation actions that may benefit habitat(s) associated with this species can be found in Maine's 2015 Wildlife Action Plan: Element 4, Table 4-15. Click on the Habitat Grouping of interest to launch a habitat based report summarizing relevant conservation actions and associated SGCN.

The Wildlife Action Plan was developed through a lengthy participatory process with state agencies, targeted conservation partners, and the general public. The Plan is non-regulatory. The species, stressors, and voluntary conservation actions identified in the Plan complement, but do not replace, existing work programs and priorities by state agencies and partners.